SARGENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-33J MONTE VISTA, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

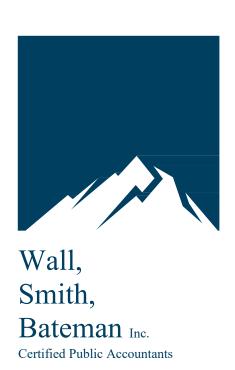


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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Sargent School District RE-33J Monte Vista, Colorado

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sargent School District RE-33J (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Board of Education Sargent School District RE-33J Page 2

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, pension and other postemployment benefit information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial schedules and the Colorado School District Auditor's Integrity Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial schedules and Colorado School District Auditor's Integrity are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Alamosa, Colorado

Wall, Smith, Barleman Unc.

January 25, 2023

As management of the Sargent School District, we offer readers of the Sargent School District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Sargent School District for the year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights 2022

- The District's financial status increased over the course of the 2022 fiscal year. Total net position increased \$2,241,234.
- General revenues, primarily property taxes and state equalization payments, account for approximately \$4,525,411 or 77% percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,342,822 or 23% percent of total revenues of \$5,868,233.
- The District had \$3,626,999 in expenses related to governmental activities; General revenues of \$4,525,411 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District decreased its outstanding long-term debt by approximately \$265,000.

Financial Highlights 2021

- The District's financial status increased over the course of the 2021 fiscal year. Total net position increased \$2,421,505.
- General revenues, primarily property taxes and state equalization payments, account for approximately \$4,265,130 or 79% percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,145,935 or 21% percent of total revenues of \$5,411,065.
- The District had \$2,989,560 in expenses related to governmental activities; General revenues of \$4,265,130 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District decreased its outstanding long-term debt by approximately \$250,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

• The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The governmental fund statements tell how basic services such as instruction were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements, and includes a comparison to the District's budget for the year.

District-wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Sargent School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Sargent School District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the district-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Included in governmental activities are most of the District's basic services such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. The District doesn't have any services accounted for as business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to track specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The Sargent School District, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District's funds are divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) balances remaining at year-end which are available for spending. Consequently, the

governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine financial resources that may be available in the near term to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information on the reconciliations explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

Sargent School District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in the fund balances for the (1) general fund (2) the pupil activity fund (3) bond redemption fund (4) the federal programs fund (5) food service fund, and (6) capital reserve capital projects fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS IF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Total assets for the District were \$23,383,199 in 2021 and \$23,485,243 in 2022. Cash and investments were \$3,394,192 in 2021 and \$3,925,733 in 2022. Accounts receivable was \$108,433 in 2022. Receivables from other governmental entities were \$21,681 in 2022. Net capital assets were in the amount of \$19,722,596 in 2021 and \$19,312,630 in 2022. Current liabilities were \$674,168 in 2021 and \$817,489 in 2022.

The effect of the PERA pension and OPEB expense on the District's total net position for FY 2021 and 2022 is summarized below:

	FY 2021	FY 2022
Net position (GAAP Basis)	\$ 12,580,062	\$ 14,821,296
GASB 68 - Pension	7,216,007	5,283,548
GASB 75 - OPEB	301,977	272,080
Net position excluding Pension and OPEB	\$ 20,098,046	\$ 20,376,924

The effect of the PERA pension and OPEB expense on the District's unrestricted net position is summarized below:

	FY 2021		FY2022
Unrestricted - Net Position (GAAP Basis)	\$ (5,309,189)	\$	(2,995,345)
GASB 68 - Pension	7,216,007		5,283,458
GASB 75 - OPEB	301,977		272,080
Net position excluding Pension and OPEB	\$ 2,208,795	\$	2,560,193

Management's estimate of the District's proportionate share of the State On-Behalf Direct Distribution is \$0, which is recognized as a contribution and allocation of expenditures in the General Fund.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information. Supplementary information includes budget-to-actual information for all proprietary and governmental funds that are not major special revenue funds as dictated by state law.

District-wide Financial Analysis

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2021 and 2022.

Table 1 Statement of Net Position

Assets	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2022
Current Assets	\$3,660,603	\$4,172,613
Capital Assets	\$19,722,596	\$19,312,630
Total Assets	\$23,383,199	\$23,485,253
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$1,486,383	935,401
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	\$ 409,168	\$ 542,489
Long-term Liabilities:		
Due within one year	\$ 265,000	\$ 275,000
Due more than one year	\$8,645,033	\$6,526,038
Total Liabilities	\$9,319,201	\$7,343,527
Deferred inflows of Resources	\$2,970,319	\$ 2,255,821
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets	\$16,922,596	\$16,777,630
Restricted for:		
TABOR	\$138,485	\$148,985
BEST	\$373,830	\$406,730
Debt Service	\$454,340	\$483,296
Capital Projects		
Unrestricted	(\$5,309,189)	(\$2,995,345)
Total Net Position	\$12,580,062	\$ 14,821,296

Table 2 provides a summary of the changes in net position. Following Table 2 is a specific discussion related to overall revenues and expenses.

Statement of Activities For FY 2021 and 2022

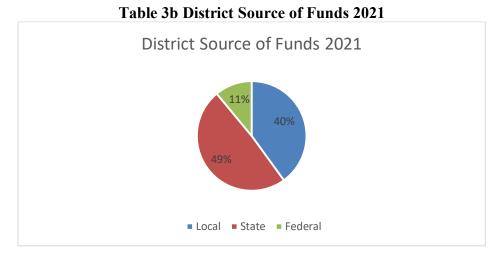
For FY	Z 2021 and 20	22
	FY 2021	FY 2022
Governmental Activities		
REVENUES		
Program Revs:		
Charges for Services	¢0E 024	#00.700
Operating Grants &	\$25,834	\$22,702
Cont.	\$1,120,101	\$1,320,120
General Revs: Property Taxes	\$1,959,715	¢4 002 074
State Equalization	\$2,276,503	\$1,993,271
Other Revenues		\$2,514,458
	\$28,912	\$17,682
Total Revenues	\$5,411,065	\$5,868,233
Expenses:		
Instructional Program	\$1,304,047	\$1,732,202
Student Support	\$133,746	\$246,240
Instructional Staff	,, -	\$64,295
Support Services	\$42,601	Ψ01,200
General Admin		\$192,824
Support	\$115,407	
School Admin	***	\$133,286
Support	\$88,953	# 440.000
Business Support Services	\$112,027	\$118,203
O & M Plans Svs.	\$659,315	\$627,909
Student	Ψ000,010	Ψ021,303
Transportation	\$109,089	\$151,399
Central Support		\$78,407
Services	\$156,433	, ,
Community Service Operations		\$1,500
Facilities		\$3,728
	\$23,111	ψο,7 20
Interest- Long Term		\$110,447
Debt Acquisition	\$121,054	1
Food Services	\$123,777	\$166,559
Total Expenses	\$2,989,560	\$3,626,999
Net Position-Beginning	¢10 159 557	\$12.580.062
Change in Accounting	\$10,158,557	\$12,580,062
Principal	_	
Increase/Decrease		
Net Position		
Beginning	\$10,158,557	\$12,580,062
Transfers		
Change in Net		
Position	\$2,421,505	\$2,241,234
Facility at Next 5 10	#40 500 000	644 004 000
Ending Net Position	\$12,580,062	\$14,821,296

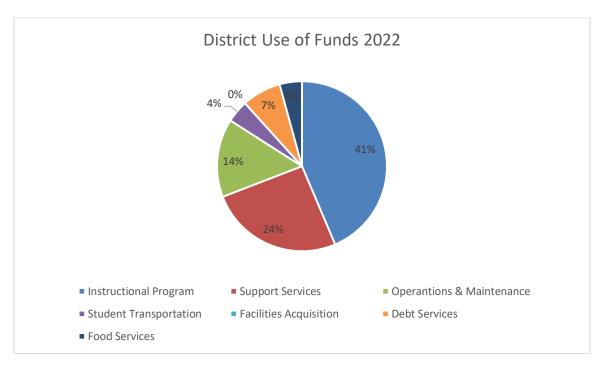
Property taxes and per pupil state formula revenue (state equalization) account for most of the District's revenue, contributing about 80%. State and Federal grants and private partnership grants contribute the remaining 20% of revenue.

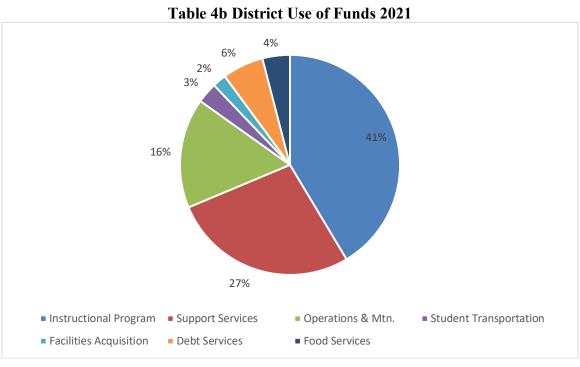
The District expenses predominantly relate to instruction and support services, which includes support for students and instructional staff, administration, operations and maintenance, and transportation. Given that Sargent School District is a service organization providing education services to students, the majority of expenses are paid in the form of compensation (salaries and benefits) to the District's employees.

Detailed on the next pages in Tables 3a & 3b and 4a & 4b are charts displaying District source of funds and the use of funds for the total school district.

Table 3a District Source of Funds 2022 **District Source of Funds 2022** ■ Local
State
Federal







Governmental Activities

The primary source of operating revenue for school districts comes from the School Finance Act of 1994. Under this act, the district received \$11,490 per funded student. Starting in 2010, the legislature added a negative factor to the School Finance Formula. With this factor the district's adjusted per pupil funding was \$10,716 for FY 2022. The averaged funded pupil count was 348.1, with an October count of 329. Program funding comes from property taxes, specific ownership taxes and state equalization. The district received approximately 44% of funding from state equalization while the remaining amounts came from local taxes. State law allows school districts to obtain an additional 9% of funding from local property taxes. This is accomplished by successfully passing a mill levy override ballot question.

In November 2000 the Sargent School District electorate passed with 69% of the vote a mill levy override for general fund taxes to be increased by \$75,000 annually beginning with the 2000/01 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter to provide funds to purchase a bus and/or other capital needs.

In November 2008 the Sargent School District electorate passed a mill levy override to increase debt \$5,000,000. This money was used to provide the District's matching funds for the BEST grant used to fund the construction of the new school in 2010.

The statement of activities provides the cost of program services and the related charges for services and grants offsetting those costs. Table 5 reflects each program's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the programs and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these programs.

Table 5a 2022 Net Cost of Governmental Activities (in dollars)

Net Cost of Services:

(\$119,722)

(\$77,612)

(\$3,728)

(\$1,500)

(\$110,447)

(\$32,795)

(\$2,284,177)

Total Cost of Services:

Program:

Transportation

Student

Services

Food Service

Total

Central Supporting Services

Interest on Long-term Debt

Facilities Acquisition & Const.

Community Service Operations

(\$877,617)**Instructional Program** \$1,732,202 **Student Support Services** \$246,240 (\$63,865) Instructional \$64,295 (\$49,723) Staff Support Services General Admin. \$192,824 (\$190,447)Support Services School Admin. \$133,286 (\$129,393)Support Services **Business Support Services** \$118,203 (\$117,217)Operations & Maint. of Plant \$627,909 (\$575,701)Svs.

\$151,399

\$78,407

\$3,728

\$1,500

\$110,447

\$166,559

\$3,626,999

Table 5b 2021 Net Cost of Governmental Activities (in dollars)

Program: Total Cost of Services: Net Cost of Services:

Instructional Program	\$1,304,047	(\$742,124)
Student Support Services	\$133,746	(\$75,738)
Instructional Staff Support Services	\$42,601	(\$38,899)
General Admin. Support Services	\$115,407	(\$115,407)
School Admin. Support Services	\$88,953	(\$88,953)
Business Support Services	\$112,027	(\$112,027)
Operations & Maint. of Plant Svs.	\$659,315	(\$610,745)
Student Transportation Services	\$109,089	(\$81,681)
Central Supporting Services	\$156,433	\$123,322
Facilities Acquisition & Const.	\$23,111	(\$23,111)
Interest on Long-term Debt	\$121,054	(\$121,054)
Food Service	\$123,777	\$42,792
Total	\$2,989,560	(\$1,843,625)

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$3,626,999
- Most of the District's costs (\$3,626,999) were financed by District and State taxpayers
- This portion of governmental activities was financed with \$1,993,271 in property taxes, \$2,514,458 in state aid (equalization) based on the statewide formula for per pupil funding, and \$17,682 in investment earnings and other miscellaneous revenues not pertaining specifically to a program.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Information about the District's funds starts on page 17. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds have total revenues of \$5,868,233 and expenditures of \$5,444,389 The net change in total fund balance for the year was an increase of \$423,844.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District approves a budget in June based on enrollment projections for the following school year. In January, 2023 the District revised the annual operating budget approved by the District's Board of Education in June 2022.

General Fund total expenditures were \$92,081 less than budgeted.

The primary reason for the revised budget was to reflect the October student count. Actual revenue of \$4,430,117 exceeded the budgetary amount by \$219,227. Total expenditures were \$3,980,354. Transfer to other funds in the amount of \$160,455 results in a net increase of \$289,308. The fund balance at the beginning of the year was \$2,374,554 and the fund balance at the end of the year was \$2,663,862.

Capital Assets

By the end of the fiscal year 2022, the District had invested \$19,312,630 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, site improvements, vehicles and other equipment. (See Table 6 on next page).

Table 6
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021
Land &		
Improvements	\$ 128,621	\$ 128,621
Buildings	\$24,895,055	\$24,895,055
Land Improvements	\$ 105,750	\$ 105,750
Machinery &		
Equipment	\$ 965,426	\$ 946,785
Vehicles	\$ 616,555	\$ 616,555
Less Accum.	(\$7,398,777)	(\$ 6,970,170)
Depreciation		
Totals	\$19,312,630	\$19,722,596

Table 7b Long-term liability balances for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance 6/30/21	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance 6/30/22	Due Within One Year
G.O. Bonds Payable	\$2,800,000	-	\$265,000	\$2,535,000	\$275,000
Compensated Absences	\$ 10,254	-	-	\$ 10,254	\$1,105
Total	\$2,810,251	-	\$265,000	\$2,545,254	\$276,105

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

- Information from the 2022-23 student enrollment "October count" shows that Sargent School District has 5.9 FTE less students than last year.
- Based on our historical trends, our projections for student enrollment for fall 2023, will show District enrollment declining.
- The Sargent School District has a long history for academic excellence and small class sizes. Approximately 79% of the students that attend Sargent Schools are not resident students. The District must maintain its tradition of excellence to keep enrollment at its current level. The state revenue that follows these non-resident students is very important to the financial success of the District.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent of Schools, Sargent School District, 7090 N. Road 2 E., Monte Vista, CO 81144.

SARGENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-33J BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

ASSETS Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 3,925,733 Accounts Receivable 108,433 Property Tax Receivable 21,681 Due from Other Governments 106,927 Inventory 9,839 Total Current Assets 4,172,613 Noncurrent Assets 128,621 Capital Assets not being depreciated 128,621 Capital Assets not being depreciated 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 Pension 916,578 OPEB 18,232 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES 935,401 Current Liabilities 95,729 Accounts Payable 9,105
ASSETS Current Assets \$ 3,925,733 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 108,433 Accounts Receivable 21,681 Due from Other Governments 106,927 Inventory 9,839 Total Current Assets 4,172,613 Noncurrent Assets 128,621 Capital Assets not being depreciated 128,621 Capital Assets not of depreciation 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 916,578 OPEB 8,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES 935,401 Current Liabilities 339,770 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accounte Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 2,75,000 Long-term Liabilites 2,260,000 General Obligation Bonds 2,260,000 Compensa
Current Assets \$ 3,925,733 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 3,925,733 Accounts Receivable 21,681 Due from Other Governments 106,927 Inventory 9,839 Total Current Assets 4,172,613 Noncurrent Assets 12,8621 Capital Assets not being depreciated 12,8621 Capital Assets not being depreciation 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES 95,729 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accounts Galaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 <t< th=""></t<>
Cash and Cash Equivalents 3,925,733 Accounts Receivable 108,433 Property Tax Receivable 21,681 Due from Other Governments 106,927 Inventory 9,839 Total Current Assets 4,172,613 Noncurrent Assets 128,621 Capital Assets not being depreciated 128,621 Capital Assets not depreciation 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 916,578 Pension 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 2,260,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 General Obligation Bonds 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net OPEB Liability 4,060,443
Accounts Receivable 108,433 Property Tax Receivable 21,681 Due from Other Governments 106,927 Inventory 9,839 Total Current Assets 4,172,613 Noncurrent Assets 128,621 Capital Assets not being depreciated 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Current Liabilities 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 275,000 General Obligation Bonds 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 7,343,527
Property Tax Receivable 21,681 Due from Other Governments 106,927 Inventory 9,839 Total Current Assets 4,172,613 Noncurrent Assets 2 Capital Assets not being depreciated 128,621 Capital Assets net of depreciation 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES 935,401 Current Liabilities 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net OPEB Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 7,343,527
Due from Other Governments 106,927 Inventory 9,839 Total Current Assets 4,172,613 Noncurrent Assets 128,621 Capital Assets not being depreciated 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES 935,401 Current Liabilities 95,729 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 2,75,000 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Inventory 9,839 Total Current Assets 4,172,613 Noncurrent Assets 128,621 Capital Assets not being depreciated 128,621 Capital Assets not of depreciation 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES 2 Current Liabilities 95,729 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 2,75,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 7,343,527
Total Current Assets 4,172,613 Noncurrent Assets 128,621 Capital Assets not being depreciated 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES 2 Current Liabilities 95,729 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 2,75,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Noncurrent Assets 128,621 Capital Assets not being depreciated 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 916,578 OPEB 916,578 OPEB 385,401 LIABILITIES Varient Liabilities Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Capital Assets not being depreciated 128,621 Capital Assets net of depreciation 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 2,260,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Capital Assets net of depreciation 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 816,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES 330,700 Current Liabilities 95,729 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 496,444 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Capital Assets net of depreciation 19,184,009 Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 816,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES 330,700 Current Liabilities 95,729 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 496,444 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Total Noncurrent Assets 19,312,630 TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities General Obligation Bonds 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 496,444 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 2,139,683
TOTAL ASSETS 23,485,243 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES 935,401 Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 4,060,443 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Pension 2,139,683
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Pension 916,578 OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Pension 2,139,683
OPEB 18,823 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 935,401 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 2,75,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Pension 2,139,683
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 2,75,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 95,729 Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 2,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 2,139,683
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Accounts Payable 95,729 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 9,149 General Obligation Bonds 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Accrued Salaries and Benefits 339,770 Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Unearned Grant Revenue 105,885 Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Compensated Absences - Due within one year 1,105 General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year 275,000 Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 General Obligation Bonds 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
General Obligation Bonds - Due within one year Long-term Liabilities General Obligation Bonds Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability TOTAL LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES Pension Pension 275,000 2,260,000 4,060,400 4,060,443 196,446 7,343,527 7,343,527 2,139,683
Long-term Liabilities 2,260,000 General Obligation Bonds 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
General Obligation Bonds 2,260,000 Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Compensated Absences 9,149 Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Net Pension Liability 4,060,443 Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,139,683
Net OPEB Liability 196,446 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 2,139,683
TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,343,527 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 2,139,683
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 2,139,683
Pension 2,139,683
, ,
OPEB 94,457
Deferred Revenue - Property Tax 21,681
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,255,821
NET POSITION
Net Investment in Capital Assets 16,777,630
Restricted for:
TABOR 148,985
BEST Reserve 406,730
Debt Service 483,296
Unrestricted (2,995,345)
TOTAL NET POSITION \$ 14,821,296

e accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial state

SARGENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-33J

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net (Expense)

					Prog	ram Revenues			ue and Changes Net Position
	_			Charges Operating for Grants &		Capital Grants &		Primary	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services		Co	ntributions	Contributions		Government
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:	A	4 = 22 2 2 2			Φ.	0.54.505		Φ.	(0== (1=)
Instructional Program	\$	1,732,202	\$	-	\$	854,585	\$ -	\$	(877,617)
Student Supporting Services		246,240		-		182,375	-		(63,865)
Instructional Staff Supporting Services		64,295		-		14,572	-		(49,723)
General Administration Supporting Services		192,824		-		2,377	-		(190,447)
School Administration Supporting Services		133,286		-		3,893	-		(129,393)
Business Supporting Services		118,203		-		986	-		(117,217)
Operations and Maintenance of Plant Services		627,909		-		52,208	-		(575,701)
Student Transportation Services		151,399		-		31,677	-		(119,722)
Central Supporting Services		78,407		- 795		-		(77,612)	
Food Services		166,559		22,702 176,652		-		32,795	
Community Service Operations		1,500		-		-	-		(1,500)
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		3,728		-		-	-		(3,728)
Interest on Long-term Debt		110,447						_	(110,447)
Total Governmental Activities		3,626,999		22,702		1,320,120			(2,284,177)
Total Primary Government	\$	3,626,999	\$	22,702	\$	1,320,120	\$ -	_	(2,284,177)
			Genera Taxes:	l Revenues				_	
			Gener	al Property Taxe	es				1,762,110
				ric Ownership Ta					226,265
			Other	-					4,896
				qualization					2,514,458
				Income					4,479
			Miscell						13,203
				General Reven	ues				4,525,411
			C	hange in Net I	Position				2,241,234
			Net Pos	sition, Beginni	ng of Yo	ear			12,580,062
			Net Pos	sition, End of	Year			\$	14,821,296

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND		PR	FEDERAL PROGRAMS FUND		BOND TOTAL REDEMPTION NONMAJOR FUND FUNDS		NONMAJOR		TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,953,401	\$	78,059	\$	459,137	\$	435,136	\$	3,925,733
Accounts Receivable		84,941		-		9,239		14,253		108,433
Property Tax Receivable		16,925		-		4,756		-		21,681
Due From Other Governments		49,807		42,200		14,920		-		106,927
Due From Other Funds		10,383		-		-		33,294		43,677
Inventory		-		-		-		9,839		9,839
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,115,457	\$	120,259	\$	488,052	\$	492,522	\$	4,216,290
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	87,203	\$	8,406	\$	-	\$	120	\$	95,729
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		295,889		24,249		-		19,632		339,770
Due to Other Funds		33,294		-		-		10,383		43,677
Unearned Grant Revenue		18,284		87,601		-		-		105,885
TOTAL LIABILITIES		434,670		120,256		-		30,135		585,061
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred Revenue - Property Tax		16,925				4,756				21,681
FUND BALANCE										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		9,839		9,839
Restricted		555,715		-		483,296		-		1,039,011
Committed		40,198		3		-		452,548		492,749
Assigned		1,533,171		-		-		-		1,533,171
Unassigned		534,778		-		-		-		534,778
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,663,862		3		483,296		462,387		3,609,548
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	3,115,457	\$	120,259	\$	488,052	\$	492,522	\$	4,216,290

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

Total governmental fund balances	\$	3,609,548
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds.		19,312,630
Deferred results and contributions to pension and OPEB plans made after the measurement date are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, but must be deferred in the statement of net position.		935,401
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General Obligation Bonds Compensated Absences \$ (2,535,000) (10,254)	-	(2,545,254)
Net pension and OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.		(4,256,889)
Certain amounts related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities are deferred and amortized over time. These are not reported in the funds.		(2,234,140)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	14,821,296

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	G	SENERAL FUND	PRO	DERAL OGRAMS FUND	RED	BOND EMPTION FUND	NO	TOTAL NMAJOR FUNDS	GOVE	TOTAL RNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES					1					
Local Sources	\$	1,622,992	\$	150,789	\$	404,403	\$	192,088	\$	2,370,272
Intermediate Sources		17,950		-		-		-		17,950
State Sources		2,789,175		187,444		-		1,298		2,977,917
Federal Sources				328,818				173,276		502,094
TOTAL REVENUES	1	4,430,117		667,051		404,403	1	366,662		5,868,233
EXPENDITURES										
Instructional Program		2,083,213		260,705		-		184,127		2,528,045
Student Supporting Services		171,985		222,206		-		-		394,191
Instructional Staff Supporting Services		75,751		12,326		-		-		88,077
General Administration Supporting Services		273,072		10,500		-		-		283,572
School Administration Supporting Services		249,161		37,851		-		-		287,012
Business Supporting Services		156,879		-		-		(1,394)		155,485
Operations and Maintenance of Plant Services		710,304		70,158		-		-		780,462
Student Transportation Services		211,970		-		-		-		211,970
Central Supporting Services		48,019		51,808		-		-		99,827
Food Services		-		-		-		238,801		238,801
Community Services Operations		-		1,500		-		-		1,500
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service						375,447		-		375,447
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,980,354		667,054		375,447		421,534		5,444,389
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		449,763		(3)		28,956		(54,872)		423,844
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers from Other Funds		-		-		-		160,455		160,455
Transfers to Other Funds		(160,455)						-		(160,455)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(160,455)		-		_		160,455		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		289,308		(3)		28,956		105,583		423,844
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,374,554		6		454,340		356,804		3,185,704
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,663,862	\$	3	\$	483,296	\$	462,387	\$	3,609,548

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	:	\$ 423,844
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the activity in the capital assets in the current period.		
Fixed asset additions	\$ 18,641	
Depreciation expense	 (428,607)	(409,966)
		(402,200)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Principal payment on general obligation bonds		265,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Compensated Absences		-
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the		
governmental funds. This item consists of the change in pension and OPEB expense.	_	1,962,356
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>:</u>	\$ 2,241,234

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the District reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*.

REPORTING ENTITY

Primary Government

Sargent School District RE-33J is a public school as established by Colorado State Statute. The District is declared to be a corporate body with perpetual existence and in its name may hold property, sue and be sued, and be a party to contracts for any purpose authorized by law. Members of the school board are voted on at large by the registered, qualified electors of the District. Taxes are levied upon all taxable property within the District's boundaries by the County Commissioners. The County Treasurer collects the taxes and remits them to the District. The District also receives State and Federal funds. The Board of Education has the authority to issue bonds up to 20% of the latest assessed valuation of the taxable property in the District. The board also has authority to select the depository of school funds and acquire short-term loans.

Component Units

The District's combined financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The District is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District
- The organization is financially accountable to the District
- The organization receives or holds funds that are for the benefit of the District; and the District has access to a majority of the funds held; and the funds that are accessible are also significant to the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Sargent School District RE-33J has no component units.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the District, except for District fiduciary activity. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Mainly taxes and intergovernmental revenues support governmental activities.

The Statement of Activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from services, or privileges
 provided by a given function or segment and
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds and enterprise funds, each reported as a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements, imposed by the provider, are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *Federal Programs Fund* is used to account for financial transactions for grants received for designated programs funded by federal, state, or local governments.
- The *Bond Redemption Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal, interest, and related expenses on the long-term general obligation debt or long-term voter-approved lease-purchase debt.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated.

ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash in bank and liquid investments with maturity of three months or less.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. The taxes are payable in two installments on February 28 and June 15 or in full on April 30. The District's property taxes are collected by the County Treasurer who remits monthly receipts to the District. Property tax revenue is recognized when received by the County Treasurer.

Uncollected property taxes that became an enforceable lien January 1, 2022 have been recorded in the financial statements as an asset and corresponding deferred inflow of resources.

Receivables/Payables From Other District Funds

Balances that originate from current lending/borrowing arrangements between funds are referred to as "Due To/From Other Funds".

Inventories

Purchased inventories are stated at cost and consist of supplies and food to be used within one year. Donated inventory is priced at the U.S. Department of Agriculture established values.

USDA Commodities

The Food Service Fund receives donated commodities to use in meal preparation from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities received during the year is shown as income, and the value of commodities used is shown as expense.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	15-120
Land Improvements	10
Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	10-12

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and debt payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

Full-time employees of the District receive 9 days per year of leave which can be accumulated to 35 days for nine month employees and 12 days per year of leave which can be accumulated to 47 days for twelve month employees. Twelve month employees receive vacation time as per policy. Employees that retire and are 50 years of age or older receive one-half of the substitute rate (\$65) for any days accumulated at the date of retirement. A liability is accrued in the government-wide financial statements.

Unearned Grant Revenue

Revenues on grants, which are restricted by the grant document for specific purposes, are recognized as revenue only after eligible grant costs have been incurred. Grant funds received in excess of grant expenditures are recorded as unearned revenues.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applied to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (as either an expense or expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet reports a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that period.

Certain amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits must be deferred.

Pensions

The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position should be displayed in the following three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt should be included in this component of net position.
- Restricted consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to
 those assets. Restricted assets consist of assets that have limitations imposed on their use either through the
 enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of
 other governments.
- *Unrestricted* consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

Fund Balance

Fund balances are reported by classification based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints for the specific purposes on which amounts in the fund can be spent. Fund balances are classified in one of the following five categories:

- *Nonspendable Fund Balance* amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form such as inventory and prepaid expenditures.
- Restricted Fund Balance amounts restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed through adopted resolution by the Board of Education, the highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of action. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Assigned Fund Balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be
 expressed by the Board of Education or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the
 authority.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance* amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

As of June 30, 2022, fund balances are composed of the following:

	GENERAL FUND	FEDERAL PROGRAMS FUND	BOND REDEMPTION FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FUND BALANCE					
Nonspendable: Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,839	\$ 9,839
Restricted:					
TABOR	148,985	-	-	-	148,985
BEST Capital Renewal Reserve	406,730	-	-	-	406,730
Debt Service	-	-	483,296	-	483,296
	555,715	-	483,296	-	1,039,011
Committed:					•
Facilities	40,198	-	-	-	40,198
Pupil Activities	-	-	-	196,848	196,848
Food Service	-	-	-	70,552	70,552
Capital Projects	-	-	-	185,148	185,148
Federal Programs	-	3	-	-	3
-	40,198	3	-	452,548	492,749
Assigned:	,		•		•
Residential	49,810	-	-	-	49,810
Curriculum	191,595	-	-	-	191,595
Retention Bonus	125,000	-	-	-	125,000
Leader in Me	45,822	-	_	-	45,822
Security Resource Officer	75,407	-	-	-	75,407
HVAC	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
Transportation	75,000	-	-	-	75,000
Designated for Subsequent Years	870,537	-	-	-	870,537
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-
	1,533,171	-	-	-	1,533,171
Unassigned	534,778			-	534,778
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,663,862	\$ 3	\$ 483,296	\$ 462,387	\$ 3,609,548

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Education has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment action.

Encumbrances

The District does not record purchase orders in the accounting system upon approval of administration. Unfulfilled purchase commitments outstanding at the end of the budget year are rebudgeted in the succeeding year. End of the year fund balance intended to be used in the succeeding year is reported as designated fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncements

During fiscal year 2022, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, that establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. The standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. This standard does not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Sargent School District RE-33J follows the procedures set forth in the Colorado School District Budget Law when preparing annual budgets for each fund. Budget procedures include:

- 1) Preparation of budget documents by administrative staff shall be submitted to the Board no later than June 1 of each year.
- 2) Publication of a notice stating that the budget is available for public inspection.
- 3) Discussion of the budget in a meeting open to the public.
- 4) Adoption of the budget in a public meeting by appropriate resolution.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the District. All fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The total expenditures for each fund cannot exceed the budgeted amount unless a supplemental appropriation is adopted. All budget amounts presented reflect the original budget and the final amended budget.

NOTE 3 CASH AND DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of Cash, Deposits, and Investments for the District are as follows:

Cash in Bank and on Hand	\$ 2,420,652
Investments	1,505,081
Total cash, deposits, and investments on the Statement of Net Position	\$ 3,925,733

Cash and Deposits

Colorado State Statutes govern the District's deposits of cash. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance (FDIC) on deposits held.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories, determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized in accordance with the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$2,296,866 of the District's total bank balance of \$2,552,604 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution through PDPA.

Investments

State law limits investments for school districts to U.S. treasury issues, other federally backed notes and credits, and other agency offerings. Other investment instruments, including bank obligations, general obligation bonds, and commercial paper, are limited to at least one of the highest rating categories of at least one nationally recognized rating agency. State law further limits investments in money market funds to those institutions with over \$1 billion in assets or the highest credit rating from one or more of the nationally recognized rating agencies. COLOTRUST has over \$1 billion in assets, is rated AAAm by Standard and Poors, and maintains a constant net asset value of \$1 per share. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST. Financial statements for COLOTRUST are available on www.colotrust.com.

NOTE 4 DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Intergovernmental receivables include amounts due from grantors for specific program grants. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred.

As of June 30, 2022, the District had \$106,927 due from Federal, State, and Local governments, reflected as, intergovernmental receivables in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The District reports interfund balances between many of its funds. The balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date.

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_ <i>P</i>	Amount
General Fund	Pupil Activity Fund	\$	10,383
Food Service Fund	General Fund		33,294
		\$	43,677

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	A	Amount
Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$	75,000
Food Service Fund	General Fund		49,455
Pupil Activity Fund	General Fund		36,000
		\$	160,455

These transfers were made to set aside funds for capital projects and subsidize the Food Service and the Pupil Activity Funds.

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/2021	6/30/2021 Additions		06/30/2022
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 128,621	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128,621
Total capital assets not being depreciated	128,621			128,621
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	24,895,055	-	-	24,895,055
Land Improvements	105,750	-	-	105,750
Equipment	946,785	18,641	-	965,426
Vehicles	616,555			616,555
Total capital assets being depreciated	26,564,145	18,641		26,582,786
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	5,546,545	381,892	-	5,928,437
Land Improvements	105,750	-	-	105,750
Equipment	756,262	32,268	-	788,530
Vehicles	561,613	14,447		576,060
Total accumulated depreciation	6,970,170	428,607		7,398,777
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	19,593,975	(409,966)		19,184,009
Governmental Activities, net	\$ 19,722,596	\$ (409,966)	\$ -	\$ 19,312,630

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instructional Program	\$ 384,849
General Administration Supporting Services	3,107
Business Supporting Services	1,659
Operations and Maintenance	1,750
Student Transportation Services	23,719
Food Services	9,795
Facilities Operations and Management	3,728
Total depreciation expense	\$ 428,607

NOTE 7 ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS

The teachers, administrators, and the administrative staff are employed under nine and twelve month contracts. All District employees are paid on a twelve-month basis; therefore, a difference exists between the actual amount of salaries earned under the contract and the amount paid. The difference between salaries earned and paid, including the District's share of benefits, has been accrued in the financial statements in the amount of \$339,770.

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability balances for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Beginning						Ending	Due
	Balance						Balance	Within
	06/30/2021	Add	itions	I	Deletions	0	6/30/2022	One Year
Governmental Activities G.O. Bonds Payable Compensated Absences	\$ 2,800,000 10,254	\$	- -	\$	265,000	\$	2,535,000 10,254	\$ 275,000 1,105
Total	\$ 2,810,254	\$	-	\$	265,000	\$	2,545,254	\$ 276,105

General Obligation Bonds Payable

In November 2008, the District voters approved a ballot measure to issue \$5,000,000 in bonds for the purpose of financing the construction and equipping the facilities and improvements. In 2009, the proceeds of the bond were paid to the State of Colorado who handled the financial transactions related to the building of the District's new school building. The interest rate is 4.135%. The bond is payable from the Bond Redemption Fund in annual installments and matures on December 1, 2029.

The annual debt service for the General Obligation Bonds payable is as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Totals
FY 2023	\$ 275,000	\$ 99,142	\$ 374,142
FY 2024	285,000	87,563	372,563
FY 2025	295,000	75,571	370,571
FY 2026	310,000	63,062	373,062
FY 2027	320,000	50,036	370,036
FY 2028 - FY 2030	1,050,000	66,370	1,116,370
	\$2,535,000	\$ 441,744	\$2,976,744

NOTE 9 RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The BEST grant agreement requires the District to increase annually a BEST Capital Renewal Reserve which is set aside for the specific purpose of replacing major public school facility systems with projected life cycles similar as to those of roofs, interior finishes, electrical systems and heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$406,730.

NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2021. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2022. Eligible employees of the District are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.50% of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2021 Through
	June 30, 2022
Employer Contribution Rate	10.90%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health	
Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	-1.02%
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.88%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified	
in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED)	
as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	19.88%

^{*}Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$441,613, for the year ended June 30, 2022.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. §24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public School Division Trust Fund. In addition to the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution due July 1, 2022, House Bill (HB) 22-1029, instructs the State treasurer to issue a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars), upon enactment, with reductions to future direct distributions scheduled to occur July 1, 2023, and July 1, 2024.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the TPL to December 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$4,060,443 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Sargent School District's proportionate share of the net position liability	\$ 4,060,443
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer	
contributing entity associated with the Sargent School District	465,478
Total	\$ 4,525,921

At December 31, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.035%, which was a decrease of 0.004% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of (\$1,932,460) and revenue of \$49,696 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	155,450	\$	_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-		1,526,605
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		309,984		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
recognized and proportionate share of contributions		220,052		613,078
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		231,092		
Total	\$	916,578	\$	2,139,683

\$231,092 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2023	\$ (262,552)
2024	(568,791)
2025	(437,557)
2026	(185,297)
2027	-
Thereafter	_

Actuarial assumptions. The TPL in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40 - 11.00%
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07	1.00%
benefit structure (compounded annually)	
PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the AIR

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

The TPL as of December 31, 2021, includes the anticipated adjustments to contribution rates and the AI cap, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefit-weighted basis. The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

		30 Year
		Expected
	Target	Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership
 present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the
 year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of
 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in Senate Bill (SB) 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021 and effective July 1, 2022. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), which commenced July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered AI cap, from 1.25% to 1.00%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as

well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,976,639	\$ 4,060,443	\$ 2,461,448

Pension plan fiduciary net position- Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$22,658 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$196,446 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TOL to December 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2021, the District proportion was 0.023%, which was an increase of 0.0002% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$29,897). At June 30, 2022, District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	299	\$	46,580	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
OPEB plan investments		-		12,160	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		4,067		10,656	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions					
recognized and proportionate share of contributions		2,600		25,061	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		11,857			
Total	\$	18,823	\$	94,457	

\$11,857 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2023	(24,475)
2024	(25,851)
2025	(24,067)
2026	(11,481)
2027	(1,462)
Thereafter	(157)

Actuarial assumptions. The TOL in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40%-11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 %
PERACare Medicare plans	4.50% in 2021, 6.00% in 2022
	gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums 3.75% in 2021, gradually increase	asing to
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.50% in 2029

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2020, valuation, the following monthly costs/ premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2021, for the PERA Benefit Structure:

	Initial Costs for Members without Medicare Part A			
		Monthly	Adjusted to	
Medicare Plan	Monthly Cost	Premium	Age 65	
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Rx	\$633	\$230	\$591	
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	596	199	562	

The 2021 Medicare Part A premium is \$471 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost

trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2020, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the TOL are summarized in the table below:

	PERACare	Medicare Part A
Year	Medicare Plans	Premiums
2021	4.50%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.80%	4.00%
2024	5.60%	4.00%
2025	5.40%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.25%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the TOL for the HCTF, but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for members were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the Trust Fund.

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2021 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020 meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

		30 Year Expected
	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the

PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease Current Trend		1% Increase			
	in T	in Trend Rates Rates		in T	rend Rates	
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate		3.50%		4.50%		5.50%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare Part A trend rate		3.50%		4.50%		5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate		2.75%		3.75%		4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate		3.50%		4.50%		5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$	190,804	\$	196,446	\$	202,981

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2021, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership
 present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the
 year. In subsequent projection year, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of
 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Current			
1% Decrease	1% Increase		
(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	
\$ 228,151	\$ 196,446	\$ 169,364	
	(6.25%)	1% Decrease Discount Rate (6.25%) (7.25%)	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 12 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description - Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S, as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available ACFR which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions, and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2022, program members contributed \$29,095 for the Voluntary Investment Program. The district does not make matching contributions to this plan.

NOTE 13 JOINT VENTURES AND RELATED PARTIES

The District participates in the following entities. These joint ventures and related parties do not meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity because the following entities:

- are financially independent and responsible for its own financing deficits and entitled to its own surpluses,
- have a separate governing board from that of the District,
- have a separate management which is responsible for day-to-day operations and is accountable to the separate governing board,
- have governing boards and management with the ability to significantly influence operations by approving budgetary requests and adjustments, signing contracts, hiring personnel, exercising control over facilities, and determining the outcome for disposition of matters affecting the recipients of services provided, and
- have absolute authority over all funds and fiscal responsibility including budgetary responsibility and reporting to state agencies and controls fiscal management.

San Luis Valley Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES)

The BOCES is an organization that provides member districts educational services at a shared lower cost per district. The Board of BOCES is selected from the elected members of the District Boards. The District has one member on the Board. This Board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture. The District's share of the joint venture is approximately 7% at June 30, 2022. Complete separate financial statements may be obtained from BOCES.

Colorado School Districts' Self-Insurance Pool

The District belongs to the Colorado School Districts' Self-Insurance Pool. The Pool was established by the Colorado Association of School Boards (CASB) to provide insurance coverage to participants in the areas of General Liability, Errors and Omissions, Automobile Liability, Auto Physical Damage, Auto Personal Injury Protection, Real and Personal Property, Crime, and other coverage. The Board of Directors is composed of eight persons, several of who are appointed by the Board of Directors of CASB and the Executive Director of CASB. The Pool is managed by an independent manager chosen by the Board of Directors. Each member's initial contribution and subsequent contributions are determined by the Pool based on factors including, but not limited to, the aggregate Pool claims, the cost of administrative and other operating expenses, the number of participants, the adequacy of both Operating and Reserve Funds and other factors touching on the status of the Pool or an individual participant, and as approved by the Colorado Insurance Commissioner.

As the District did not exercise oversight responsibility, nor has sufficient control over Pool activities, the Pool is not a component unit of the District and only the District's share of contributions to the Pool are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund. The District's share in the Pool is not determinable from current information, but is estimated to be less than 1%. The District's share, if calculated, would not be material to the Pool's financial information at June 30, 2022. Complete separate financial statements may be obtained from the Colorado School Districts' Self-Insurance Pool.

NOTE 14 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

The District participates in federal grant programs subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

The District is a party to various legal actions normally associated with governmental activities, the aggregate effect of which, in management's and legal counsel's opinion, would not be material to its financial statements.

NOTE 15 TABOR EMERGENCY RESERVE

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment.

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. Revenue in excess of the limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 3, 1998 voters approved a ballot which stated that the District is authorized to collect, retain, and expend all revenues including grants and other funds collected during 1998 and each subsequent year from any source, notwithstanding the limitations of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution, provided, however, that no property tax mill levy be increased at any time nor shall any new tax be imposed without the prior approval of the voters.

The amendment also requires that Emergency Reserves be established. These reserves must be at least three percent of fiscal year spending. This Emergency Reserve has been presented as a restricted fund balance in the General Fund balance sheet and a restricted net position in the government-wide statement of net position. The entity is not allowed to use the Emergency Reserve to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTE 16 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by Colorado School Districts' Self-Insurance Pool. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

A budgetary comparison schedule is required for the General Fund and, if applicable, each of the District's major special revenue funds. In addition, pension and OPEB plan contributions and the District's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities are required to supplement the basic financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 1,503,850	\$ 1,519,933	\$ 1,622,992	\$ 103,059
Intermediate Sources	20,200	982	17,950	16,968
State Sources	2,657,236	2,689,975	2,789,175	99,200
TOTAL REVENUES	4,181,286	4,210,890	4,430,117	219,227
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Program	2,160,973	2,159,031	2,083,213	75,818
Student Supporting Services	188,952	197,256	171,985	25,271
Instructional Staff Supporting Services	57,418	57,418	75,751	(18,333)
General Administration Supporting Services	270,068	269,588	273,072	(3,484)
School Administration Supporting Services	264,621	256,317	249,161	7,156
Business Supporting Services	146,855	150,355	156,879	(6,524)
Operations and Maintenance of Plant Services	685,816	715,662	710,304	5,358
Student Transportation Services	194,908	220,908	211,970	8,938
Central Supporting Services	41,000	45,900	48,019	(2,119)
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Operating Reserves	<u> </u>			- -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,010,611	4,072,435	3,980,354	92,081
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	170,675	138,455	449,763	311,308
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers to Other Funds	(168,455)	(168,455)	(160,455)	8,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(168,455)	(168,455)	(160,455)	8,000
Net change in Fund Balance	2,220	(30,000)	289,308	319,308
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,374,554	2,374,554	2,374,554	. <u>-</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,376,774	\$ 2,344,554	\$ 2,663,862	\$ 319,308

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

This schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FEDERAL PROGRAMS FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	т	BUDGETED	A M	OUNTS			FINA	ANCE WITH L BUDGET DSITIVE
		RIGINAL		FINAL	A	CTUAL		CGATIVE)
REVENUES		aron (iri				CTCILL	(1,12	JG/111 (L)
Local Sources	\$	(254,999)	\$	159,815	\$	150,789	\$	(9,026)
State Sources		239,979		238,603		187,444		(51,159)
Federal Sources		749,708		592,952		328,818		(264,134)
TOTAL REVENUES		734,688		991,370		667,051		(324,319)
EXPENDITURES								
Instructional Program		176,027		384,043		260,705		123,338
Student Supporting Services		144,445		316,547		222,206		94,341
Instructional Staff Supporting Services		4,323		10,323		12,326		(2,003)
General Administration Supporting Services		-		12,543		10,500		2,043
School Administration Supporting Services		1,656		99,037		37,851		61,186
Operations and Maintenance of Plant Services		24,128		116,360		70,158		46,202
Student Transportation Services		-		-		-		-
Central Supporting Services		384,109		52,517		51,808		709
Community Services Operations						1,500		(1,500)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		734,688		991,370		667,054		324,316
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		(3)		(3)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						6		6
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$		\$	3	\$	3

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

This schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE

OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

PERA SCHDTF PENSION PLAN

		2022	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	348914199%	0.0389319	565%	0.0366841120%	ó	0.0392786652%	(0.0454531481%	0.	.0469017857%	0	.0489168619%	(0.0509478525%	0.0	531885519%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,060,442	\$ 5,88	5,727	\$ 5,480,527	\$	6,955,094	\$	14,697,933	\$	13,964,475	\$	7,481,489	\$	6,905,145	\$	6,784,185
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (a associated with the District	asset)	465,478		-	695,135		951,013		-		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	4,525,920	\$ 5,88	5,727	\$ 6,175,662	\$	7,906,107	\$	14,697,933	\$	13,964,475	\$	7,481,489	\$	6,905,145	\$	6,784,185
District's covered payroll	\$	2,180,603	\$ 2,08	3,124	\$ 2,263,018	\$	2,159,358	\$	2,096,700	\$	2,105,037	\$	2,131,786	\$	2,130,348	\$	2,144,198
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		186%		283%	242%	ó	322%		701%		663%		351%		324%		316%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		74.86%	6	6.99%	64.5%	ó	57.0%		44.0%		43.1%		59.2%		62.8%		64.1%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

^{**}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled the District presents information for those years which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERA SCHDTF PENSION PLAN

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 441,613	\$ 423,627	\$ 414,125	\$ 431,219	\$ 404,645	\$ 383,777	\$ 378,405	\$ 358,216	\$ 341,974	\$ 326,829
Contributions in relation to the										
contractually required contribution	(441,613)	(423,627)	(414,125)	(431,219)	(404,645)	(383,777)	(378,405)	(358,216)	(341,974)	(326,829)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,221,388	\$ 2,130,920	\$ 2,136,864	\$ 2,254,152	\$ 2,142,344	\$ 2,087,585	\$ 2,133,805	\$ 2,117,125	\$ 2,138,956	\$ 2,116,694
Contributions as a percentage of										
covered payroll	19.88%	19.88%	19.38%	19.13%	18.89%	18.38%	17.73%	16.92%	15.99%	15.44%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE

OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY PERA HEALTHCARE TRUST FUND

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.02	227814465%	0.0	225264386%	0.0	239777963%	0.0	255313310%	0.02	258263054%	0.0	259550600%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	196,446	\$	214,052	\$	269,510	\$	347,365	\$	335,639	\$	336,516
District's covered payroll	\$	2,180,603	\$	2,083,124	\$	2,263,018	\$	2,159,358	\$	2,096,700	\$	2,105,037
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		9%		10%		12%		16%		16%		16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		39.4%		32.8%		24.5%		17.0%		17.5%		20.1%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

^{**}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled the District presents informations every which information is available.

SARGENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-33J SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERA HEALTHCARE TRUST FUND

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Contractually required contribution	\$	22,658	\$	21,735	\$	21,796	\$	22,992	\$	21,852	\$	21,293	\$	21,765	\$	21,595	\$	21,817	\$	21,590
Contributions in relation to the																				
contractually required contribution		(22,658)		(21,735)		(21,796)		(22,992)		(21,852)		(21,293)		(21,765)		(21,595)		(21,817)		(21,590)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 2.	,221,388	\$ 2	2,130,920	\$ 2	2,136,864	\$ 2	2,254,152	\$ 2	2,142,344	\$ 2	2,087,585	\$ 2	2,133,805	\$ 2	,117,125	\$ 2	,138,956	\$ 2	2,116,694
Contributions as a percentage of																				
covered payroll		1.02%		1.02%		1.02%		1.02%		1.02%		1.02%		1.02%		1.02%		1.02%		1.02%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in assumptions or other inputs effective for the December 31st measurement period for the following years ended:

2021

- Required contribution increased from 10.00% to 10.50% for eligible employees.
- AI cap decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%

2020

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.
- Salary scale assumptions were revised to align with revised economic assumptions and to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were changed to the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were changed to the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:
 - o Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
 - o Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were changed to the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:
 - o Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
 - o Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Disabled mortality assumptions were changed to the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a benefit-weighted basis.
- 2019 The post-retirement benefit increases to the PERA benefit structure for those hired prior to 1/1/07 was changed from 0% through 2019 and 1.5% compounded annually thereafter, to 1.25%.
- 2018 The assumed investment rate of return of 7.25% was used as the discount rate, rather than using the blended rate of 4.78%
- 2017 The discount rate was lowered from 5.26% to 4.78%.

2016

- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.80% to 2.40%.
- The long-term expected rate of return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25% per year.
- The wage inflation assumption was lowered from 3.90% to 3.50%.
- The mortality tables were changed from RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males and Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection scale of Scale AA to 2020 to RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality for actively working people, RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Mortality Table projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale for retirees, or RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for disabled retirees.

• The discount rate was lowered from 7.50% to 5.26%.

2015 There were no changes in assumptions or other inputs this measurement period compared to the prior year.

NOTE 2 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY

Changes in assumptions or other inputs effective for the December 31st measurement period for the following years ended:

2021

- The Medicare Part A premium increased from \$458 to \$471 per month.
- The health care cost trend rates from Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

2020

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2020 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.
- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real wage growth assumption decreased from 1.10 percent per year to 0.70 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.
- Salary scale assumptions were revised to align with revised economic assumptions and to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were changed to the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were changed to the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:
 - o Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
 - Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were changed to the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:
 - o Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
 - o Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Disabled mortality assumptions were changed to the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a benefit-weighted basis.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2019

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2019 plan year.
- The morbidity assumptions were updated to reflect the assumed standard aging factors.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.
- 2018 There were no changes in assumptions or other inputs effective this measurement period compared to the prior year.
- 2017 The Medicare Part A premiums were raised from 3.00% to 3.25%, as well as the gradual percentage rose from 4.25% in 2023 to 5.00% in 2025.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The combining financial schedules represent the second level of financial reporting for the District. These schedules present more detailed information for the individual funds in a format that segregates information by fund type.

SARGENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-33J NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of special revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Pupil Activity Fund — Used to record financial transactions related to school-sponsored pupil intrascholastic and interscholastic athletic and other related activities. These activities are supported in whole or in part by revenues from pupils, gate receipts, and other fundraising activities.

Food Service Fund - Used to account for the District's food service program. Revenues are derived from District contributions and student and adult charges.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – Used to account for the purposes and limitations specified by Section 22-45-103(1)(c), C.R.S., including the acquisition of sites, buildings, equipment, and vehicles.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
		ACTIVITY FUND	FOO	D SERVICE FUND		AL RESERVE AL PROJECTS FUND	NO	TOTAL ONMAJOR FUNDS
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governments	\$	207,231	\$	42,657 14,253	\$	185,248	\$	435,136 14,253
Due from Other Funds Inventory		-		33,294 9,839		-		33,294 9,839
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	207,231	\$	100,043	\$	185,248	\$	492,522
LIABILITIES AND FUND BAI	LANCE							
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Benefits	\$	-	\$	20 19,632	\$	100	\$	120 19,632
Due to Other Funds Unearned Grant Revenue		10,383		-	,	- -		10,383
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10,383		19,652		100		30,135
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable		-		9,839		-		9,839
Committed Assigned		196,848		70,552		185,148		452,548
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		196,848		80,391		185,148		462,387
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	207,231	\$	100,043	\$	185,248	\$	492,522

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

${\bf COMBINING\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES,}$

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	S	SPECIAL REV	ENUE	FUNDS					
		ACTIVITY FUND	FOO	D SERVICE FUND	CAPITA	AL RESERVE AL PROJECTS FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS		
REVENUES									
Local Sources	\$	169,341	\$	22,713	\$	34	\$	192,088	
State Sources		-		1,298		-		1,298	
Federal Sources				173,276				173,276	
TOTAL REVENUES		169,341		197,287		34		366,662	
EXPENDITURES									
Instructional Program		184,127		-		-		184,127	
Student Supporting Services		-		-		-		-	
Instructional Staff Supporting Services		-		-		-		-	
Business Supporting Services		-		-		(1,394)		(1,394)	
Central Supporting Services		-		-		-		-	
Food Services		-		238,801		-		238,801	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction				-					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		184,127		238,801		(1,394)		421,534	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		(14,786)		(41,514)		1,428		(54,872)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers from Other Funds		36,000		49,455		75,000		160,455	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		36,000		49,455		75,000		160,455	
Net Change in Fund Balance		21,214		7,941		76,428		105,583	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		175,634		72,450		108,720		356,804	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	196,848	\$	80,391	\$	185,148	\$	462,387	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PUPIL ACTIVITY FUND

	BUDGETEI) AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 218,000	\$ 218,000	\$ 169,341	\$ (48,659)
TOTAL REVENUES	218,000	218,000	169,341	(48,659)
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Program	250,000	250,000	184,127	65,873
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	250,000	250,000	184,127	65,873
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(32,000)	(32,000)	(14,786)	17,214
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Other Funds	32,000	32,000	36,000	4,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	32,000	32,000	36,000	4,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	21,214	21,214
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			175,634	175,634
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 196,848	\$ 196,848

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN

${\bf FUND~BALANCE~-~BUDGET~AND~ACTUAL}$

FOOD SERVICE FUND

	BUDGETEI	O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 70,244	\$ 85,185	\$ 22,713	\$ (62,472)
State Sources	2,000	2,000	1,298	(702)
Federal Sources	87,241	102,241	173,276	71,035
TOTAL REVENUES	159,485	189,426	197,287	7,861
EXPENDITURES				
Supporting Services				
Food Services				
Salaries	94,272	95,772	100,364	(4,592)
Fringe Benefits	34,068	35,914	38,639	(2,725)
Other Purchased Services	800	800	203	597
Supplies and Materials	79,800	79,800	98,309	(18,509)
Equipment		26,595	1,286	25,309
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	208,940	238,881	238,801	80
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(49,455)	(49,455)	(41,514)	7,941
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers from Other Funds	49,455	49,455	49,455	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
(USES)	49,455	49,455	49,455	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	7,941	7,941
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			72,450	72,450
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,391	\$ 80,391

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL RESERVE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	BUDGETEI) AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 34	\$ 24
TOTAL REVENUES	10	10	34	24
EXPENDITURES				
Business Supporting Services	-	-	(1,394)	1,394
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	75,010	75,010	·	75,010
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	75,010	75,010	(1,394)	76,404
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(75,000)	(75,000)	1,428	76,428
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets				
Transfers from Other Funds	75,000	75,000	75,000	- -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	75,000	75,000	75,000	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	76,428	76,428
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			108,720	108,720
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 185,148	\$ 185,148

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

BOND REDEMPTION FUND

	I	BUDGETED	AM(OUNTS			FINA	NCE WITH L BUDGET SITIVE
	OI	RIGINAL		FINAL	A	CTUAL	(NE	GATIVE)
REVENUES								_
Local Sources	\$	380,000	\$	380,000	\$	404,403	\$	24,403
TOTAL REVENUES		380,000		380,000		404,403		24,403
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service		380,000		380,000		375,447		4,553
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		380,000		380,000		375,447		4,553
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		28,956		28,956
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				-		454,340		454,340
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$		\$	483,296	\$	483,296

SARGENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-33J CDE COMPLIANCE SECTION

CO

Colorado Department of Education

Auditors Integrity Report

District: 2750 - Sargent RE-33J Fiscal Year 2021-22 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type &Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
Governmental	+		-	=
10 General Fund	2,374,554	3,997,971	3,708,663	2,663,863
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	134,612	134,612	0
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	137,079	137,079	0
Sub- Total	2,374,554	4,269,662	3,980,354	2,663,863
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	72,450	246,742	238,801	80,392
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	6	667,051	667,054	2
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	175,634	205,341	184,128	196,848
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0
31 Bond Redemption Fund	454,340	404,403	375,447	483,296
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	0	0	0	0
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	108,721	75,034	-1,394	185,149
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Totals	3,185,705	5,868,233	5,444,389	3,609,550
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0
Fiduciary				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0

FINAL

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