Isolation and Precautions for People with COVID-19

COVID-19 can cause symptoms ranging from mild to very severe. For people who are older or those at high risk of getting very sick from COVID-19. Treatment must be started within the first few days to be effective. If you have COVID-19, you can spread the virus to others. There are precautions you can take to prevent spreading it to others: isolation, masking, and avoiding contact with people who are at high risk of getting very sick. Isolation is used to separate people with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 from those without COVID-19. Regardless of vaccination status, you should isolate from others when you have COVID-19.

You should also isolate if you are sick and suspect that you have COVID-19 but do not yet have <u>test</u> results. If your results are positive, follow the full isolation recommendations below. If your results are negative, you can end your isolation.

When you have COVID-19, isolation is counted in days, as follows:

If you had no symptoms

Day 0 is the day you were tested (not the day you received your positive test result)
Day 1 is the first full day following the day you were tested
If you develop symptoms within 10 days of when you were tested, the clock restarts at day 0 on the day of symptom onset

If you had symptoms

Day 0 of isolation is the day of symptom onset, regardless of when you tested positive

Day 1 is the first full day after the day your <u>symptoms</u> started

If you test positive for COVID-19, stay home for at least 5 days and isolate from others in your home.

You are likely most infectious during these first 5 days.

Ending Isolation

End isolation based on how serious your COVID-19 symptoms were. Loss of taste and smell may persist for weeks or months after recovery and need not delay the end of isolation.

If you had no symptoms

You may end isolation after day 5.

If you had symptoms and:

Your symptoms are improving. You may end isolation after day 5 if: You are fever-free for 24 hours (without the use of fever-reducing medication). Your symptoms are not improving. Continue to isolate until: You are fever-free for 24 hours (without the use of fever-reducing medication).

For more information go to the provided link: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/your-health/isolation.html

More information can be found on How Sick is to Sick.

If you have questions or concerns please reach out to me at school. My email is krlane@sargent.k12.co.us

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All info taken from CDPHE and CDC.